(LIIId YEAR.) THE (No. 2666.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1798.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 24, 1798.

ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, be published in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Herald, at Patton, and in one of the George-town and Frederick-town papers, once in each week for the term of eight weeks.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of the State
of Maryland.

An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight.

BE *it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That William Marbury be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, until the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

II. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state, appointed since the first day of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent is hereby authorised and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective shores for an accurate statement of all arrearages and balances due from such collectors, and such accounts shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

III. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent be authorised to superintend the collection of balances due to the state on the auditor's books, or on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and, if necessary, to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, seventeen hundred and ninety-eight.

IV. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent be authorised to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state on naval duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and amerciaments, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licences, and to require payment, and, if necessary, sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvencies, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law, and for his information of the law, he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

V. *And be it enacted*, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be issued for this purpose, the said agent shall cause at least thirty days public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased, and that no purchase authorised by this act shall be considered as made on the part of the state, unless a public declaration to that effect be made by the agent, or his deputy, immediately after such sale and purchase; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms, for the use of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, which shall in no case exceed the term of two years, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property, and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, in the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers, and their securities, from the respective dates, or so much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

VI. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent is hereby directed to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for the payment thereof, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and that where the quantity of land in any one body subject to such sale exceeds the quantity of fifty acres, such land shall be disposed of at public sale, of the time and place of which sale at least thirty days previous notice shall be given by public advertisement; and that at the time of any sale by virtue of this act, the said agent shall make known that he only sells the right of this state thereto, and that the state doth not guaranty the title to the same, or any part thereof, but that the purchase must be in all respects at the risk of the purchaser.

VII. *And be it enacted*, That no payment in future by any officer or person indebted to the state shall be valid and effectual, unless made to the treasurer of the western or eastern shore, or to the agent for the time being, or unless made to the clerks and sheriffs of the several counties, in the cases where the said clerks and sheriffs are by law authorised to receive the same.

VIII. *And be it enacted*, That the agent shall have full power and authority, by and with the advice of the governor and council, to all cases of confirmed debts, to take back any property heretofore purchased by any person, and not yet paid for, in cases where the person so having purchased, and his securities, are not capable of paying for the same, and to compromise the same upon terms and principles of equity and justice, by and with the advice and consent aforesaid; and the agent is hereby required to lay a particular statement of his proceedings under this section before the next session of assembly.

IX. *And be it enacted*, That the agent, with the approbation and consent of the governor and council, be and he is hereby authorised and empowered to compromise any suit depending in chancery with any state debtor, upon any terms in their judgment calculated to promote the interest of the state, and to obtain the speedy receipt of the sums due.

X. *And be it enacted*, That if, under the terms of any compromise made as aforesaid, the property heretofore purchased should be taken back and revested in the state, the same may be sold by the agent, and he is hereby authorised and empowered to sell the same at public sale, giving thirty days notice, on a credit of two years, payable one half of the principal, and the whole interest, annually, on the first day of December in each year, and the bonds, when taken, shall be returned to the treasury of the western shore, and reported to the general assembly at their session next ensuing the taking of such bonds.

XI. *And be it enacted*, That all cases in chancery, where no compromise under this act is effected, shall be placed under the direction of the agent, who is hereby authorised and required to call on the attorney-general to prosecute or defend the same to immediate final decision; and the governor and council are hereby authorised and empowered, at the request of the agent, in cases of difficulty, to aid the attorney-general, by employing any person to attend to surveys where necessary, or otherwise to assist in the prosecution or defence of said suits, which person or persons are to be paid out of the contingent fund of five hundred pounds; and the names of the persons so employed, together with the sum allowed for their services, to be laid before the general assembly at their next session.

XII. *And be it enacted*, That if any bond debtor to the state for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment agreeably to the condition of his bond, and sundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued, and served and suspended, as occasion may require, or, under the direction and with the approbation of the governor and council, he is hereby authorised to delay any execution as long as they may think expedient and necessary.

XIII. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent be authorised to superintend the collection of all balances due on bond taken for taxes due before the first day of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds installed, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of seventeen hundred and sixty-nine, and seventeen hundred and seventy-three.

XIV. *And be it enacted*, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

XV. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days of sale of property taken by *fieri facias*, at the suit of the state, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days public notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the state.

XVI. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in species, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

XVII. *And be it enacted*, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on all the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

XVIII. *And be it enacted*, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them respectively, cause them, with the schedule annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore, at the expence of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner as papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expence of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be good evidence as aforesaid.

XIX. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall render to the treasurer of the western shore distinct quarterly accounts of his receipts of all monies, certificates and bonds, in virtue of this act, and shall immediately thereupon pay and deliver the same to the said treasurer, who shall, in his annual report to the general assembly, state fully and particularly the monies, certificates and bonds, by him received from the said agent, and the times when the same were received and accounted for.

XX. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act to the general assembly at their next session, and within the first ten days after its commencement, in which account shall be specified, under distinct heads, his own receipts, and those of the treasurer, and of all transfers of stock upon which he may be entitled to commission, and in which shall also be contained a particular estimate of his commissions, shewing how and upon what the same arose due.

XXI. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: for all payments actually made to either of the treasurers in virtue of this act, three per cent. and for all bonds with security taken by the said agent in virtue of this act, three per cent. provided that the whole amount of his commission shall not exceed five hundred pounds current money, and he shall lay an account of the same, on oath, before the next session of assembly.

XXII. *And be it enacted*, That hereafter it shall be the duty of the agent, and the treasurers of the western and eastern shores respectively, to receive, as well the fifteen per cent. interest, if any shall have accrued, as all other the arrearages that are now, or may hereafter become due from fines, forfeitures and amerciaments, ordinary, retailers, marriage, hawkers and pedlers licences, and which fifteen per cent. so collected, shall be the only fund out of which the agent shall draw his commission of three per cent. for collecting the same; provided that the said agent shall not be entitled to any commission upon the monies arising from fines, forfeitures, amerciaments, ordinary, retailers, marriage, hawkers and pedlers licences, unless in cases where the same shall not be paid by the sheriffs and clerks respectively, to the treasurer within one month after the time prescribed by law, and unless the said agent shall thereafter receive the same from the said officers respectively, and the same pay to the said treasurer.

XXIII. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and council, in the penalty of sixty thousand dollars, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties as agent under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, to the best of his skill and judgment, the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on the said bond.

XXIV. *And be it enacted*, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after his acceptance he shall not give bond, and take the oath aforesaid, before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and council are hereby authorised and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said William Marbury by this act, such person first giving security, and taking the oath aforesaid.

NOTICE TO STATE DEBTORS.

PROCESS will certainly be directed against all delinquent state debtors who fail to make their payments by the 10th day of March next.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent.

LONDON, *November* 20.

ON a motion of Mr. Ryder for the house of commons to resolve itself into a committee of the whole house, on the treaty between his Britannic majesty and the United States of America, *Mr. Nicholls* remarked to his majesty's ministers, that the bill proposed to be brought in did not go to the extent required both by the commercial and political interests of this country. He said that all regulations of the intercourse between the United States of America and the British islands in the West-Indies, was entirely left out in the proposed bill. This intercourse was left as it had been ever since the peace with America, to be regulated on the spur of the occasion, by orders of council, or the proclamations of governors in the West-Indies: as a proof of this, he took notice of a proclamation lately issued by the governor of Barbadoes, stating the danger to which that island was exposed from the scarcity of provisions, and authorising for a twelve-month, the introduction of provisions and lumber into that island, in American ships of any burthen.—He observed, that while we persevered in holding this language to the Americans, viz. "We will purchase from you when we cannot procure the commodities we want elsewhere; but, when we can procure them elsewhere, we will not purchase them of you." We should never be considered by the Americans as valuable customers; nor would they be solicitous to supply us in the hour of distress. He reminded the house that when the present calamitous war terminated, another contest awaited this country, viz. a contest whether this country should retain its station as a commercial nation. In this contest, our intercourse with America was of the first importance. The success of France, during the present war, would probably give her great advantages in commerce, on the return of peace; we might expect to be the most favoured nation in Holland, in Germany, in Spain, in Italy, in all the states which border on the Mediterranean, and perhaps even in Por-

tugal. But, in a commercial intercourse with America, every circumstance was favourable to this country; this country wished to sell manufactures and purchase raw materials. America, on the contrary, wished to sell raw materials, and purchase manufactures.—Commercial intercourse must, from this circumstance, be beneficial to both countries. Even the obstinate perseverance of his majesty's ministers, in fettering the intercourse between the two countries, had not been able to prevent our commerce with America from being carried to that extent to which it would have attained if it had been left unfettered, and regulated only by the mutual wants of the two countries. He reminded them that fourteen years had elapsed since peace was concluded with America; yet our ministers had not been able, all that time, to fix the intercourse with America on a permanent footing. He urged them to take advantage of the happy moment which now presented itself. America is now on bad terms with France; this then is the moment of which advances from this country, for a complete and permanent regulation of commercial intercourse, will be listened to by America. Our political interests were in union, in this respect, with our commercial interests. What country was capable of being a more useful ally to Great-Britain than the United States of America? Our possessions in the West-Indies depended on America, both for subsistence and protection. The same habits, the same language, the same sentiments on religious subjects—*Eosdem habere Majores, Eadem Monumenta*, were circumstances which must necessarily promote both commercial and political connexions. He warned the ministers not to suffer the present happy opportunity to escape them, but to come forward and fix the intercourse between the two countries on permanent regulations. He cautioned them not to endeavour to shew their skill in the arts and chicane of negotiation, but to establish such terms, that both Great-Britain and America might acknowledge that the intercourse was equally beneficial to both countries.

BASSETERRE, (St. Kitt's,) *December* 8.

By the latest intelligence from St. Bartholomew's we learn, that an American brig deeply laden was last week captured by a French privateer in the mouth of the harbour, although bound for that island from her clearing port, so that it may, very fairly, be concluded, that a rupture has already taken place between the two republics: there is also a prohibition of Victor Hughes stuck up there in French and English, whereby the Swedes are ordered no longer to trade with Guadaloupe, as they will be detained and made prizes of should they attempt it; so that Victor may probably draw a new and known powerful enemy on his ill-fated country.

SPRINGFIELD, (Mass.) *January* 29.

Amongst the many melancholy accidents which have occurred in crossing, and travelling on the ice upon Connecticut river, we recollect none, the relation of which so powerfully excites the emotion of sympathy, as that which took place on Saturday the 20th instant, between Hadley and South-Hadley.

Captain Phelps, of Lebanon, (N. H.) on a journey to visit his friends who reside at Stafford, (Connecticut) in a sleigh with his wife, an only daughter about six years old, and another young lady; having progressed as far as Sunderland, found it necessary, in consequence of the extreme bad sleighing, to take to the ice upon the river, which was so strong as to render travelling upon it perfectly safe. It was in the afternoon that they took to the river, and by the time they had proceeded 10 or 12 miles, the sun had set, and rendered it difficult, even at a short distance, precisely to determine the appearances a head; the firmness which the ice evidently possessed, hushed every fear, until the horses and sleigh were suddenly precipitated into a glade of water about two rods wide.

Captain Phelps instantly exerted himself to prevent the horses from crowding with the current under the ice, and at the same time desired the women to get out of the sleigh, by stepping over the back part of it on the ice. The young lady in this manner effected her escape; but Mrs. Phelps lost the idea of saving herself in a solicitude to preserve her daughter, in the fore part of the sleigh, and let pass this opportunity, only of a moment; for by this time the horses and sleigh had entirely disappeared, and she was struggling in the water; her husband, who was immersed with her, instantly seized her under the arms. Captain Charles Hopkins, of Hartford, who was in company in another sleigh behind, had now come up to their assistance; and perceiving the imminent danger which both captain and Mrs. Phelps were in of drowning, immediately caught hold of captain Phelps, and for a considerable length of time made every exertion to extricate them. Captain Hopkins finally finding all his efforts without avail, informed captain Phelps that he must let Mrs. Phelps go, (he was now unable to keep her from struggling) or he would inevitably plunge all three into the water, and destroy the hope of saving either. Captain Phelps was inflexible, and continued the hold of his wife. Captain Hopkins having laid himself on his face, was unremitting in his endeavours to prevent their sinking, until captain Phelps *felt his wife's struggle and expire in his own arms!* Captain Phelps was now prevailed upon to let go of her body to save himself.

The box, which had separated from the bottom of the sleigh, was seen floating; and every attention turned to regain the bodies of the drowned: the body of the girl was [illegible]; but the active and continual exertions of a large collection of people from the towns in the vicinity, until the Tuesday following, to find the body of Mrs. Phelps, were unsuccessful. Finding every effort for the recovery of the body of his wife abortive, captain Phelps at length took leave of this scene of his distress, and passed through this town on his way to Stafford, with the remains of his daughter on Thursday last.

Captain Phelps lost a very beautiful pair of horses, and specie in a portmanteau, to a very considerable amount; but these considerations vanish, when it is recollected, that he has at the same time, lost an affectionate wife and an only daughter. Mrs. Phelps was a woman of an amiable disposition, of a polite deportment, and in universal estimation wherever she was acquainted.

BOSTON, *January* 31.

Latest from Europe.

Since our last, the ship Argo, captain Smith, has arrived in the outer harbour from Cadiz; which she left the 16th December; her letters were brought to town last evening. From them, and from verbal reports of the captain, we learn,

That letters from Paris, had been received at Cadiz, as late as November 24th, at which time our extra-envoys were remaining "in statu quo;" and that those letters, which were from both Americans and Frenchmen, represented their prospects of a successful mission as gloomy. Notwithstanding this sombre aspect, a great change had taken place in the conduct of the French cruisers, which now treat American vessels with respect, when their papers are regular. Off Cape St. Vincent's captain S. was boarded by a French privateer, and was treated politely. The same privateer had the day before boarded the ship Lydia, of Boston, from Virginia, bound to Cadiz, had examined her papers, and permitted her to prosecute her voyage:—

That admiral Orde, with twenty-four sail of the line, and frigates, continued to block the harbour of Cadiz; while admiral lord St. Vincent was in the Tagus refitting the remainder of his fleet:—

That in consequence of the blockade of the Spanish ports, and the decrease of Spanish shipping, the court of Madrid had granted permission of a free trade to South-America for all neutrals laden with Spanish produce; and that some American captains were prosecuting voyages to the region of "gold and silver;"—And

That the peace lately broken between France and Portugal was *re*-concluded, and that the reports of an invasion of that kingdom, through Spain, had ceased;—though those of an invasion of England by the French, remained in circulation.

CHARLESTON, *January* 23.

Yesterday arrived the ship Commerce, Ham, Havanna, 10 days; schooner Betsy, M'Ilhenny, Wilmington, 5 days.

From the Havanna we learn, that a British privateer had lately taken four ships out of a Spanish fleet from La Vera Cruz; the rest of the fleet had arrived at the Havanna. The prizes were said to have some money on board, and were taken in sight of the Moro, and several Spanish ships of the line and frigates at anchor.

During the embargo upon the merchant ships at the Havanna, two frigates were ordered to Porto-Rico. On their passage, one of them was taken by a British frigate; the other returned to the Havanna.

There had lately been an engagement, off the Havanna, between a Spanish frigate and a British sloop of war; and it was believed the latter would have taken the former, if a sudden breeze had not enabled her to escape.

January 24.

Yesterday's post brought letters which inform, that on the 20th of December last, the trial of the ship Gadsden, captain Hayward, came on in the court of vice-admiralty, in the town of Halifax, N. S. when, after a hearing of the counsel for the claimants, the judge pronounced sentence of condemnation on the cargo, consisting of 1200 boxes of sugar, as enemy's property. The vessel, and 15,000 dollars found on board of her, were restored to the claimants; but from this part of the sentence the captors had given notice, that they meant to appeal to the superior court in Great-Britain.

BALTIMORE, *February* 7.

A gentleman of this city has obligingly handed us the following article from Norfolk—

Norfolk, *February* 3.

On Thursday arrived in Hampton Roads the snow William, captain Wells, 43 days from Lisbon, bound to Baltimore. From Mr. Brandram, (a gentleman who came passenger in the above vessel) we have information that he read in a London paper of the 27th or 28th of November, an account of the arrival in London of one of the American commissioners from Paris, but which of them he does not recollect. He further informs, that he had it from the best authority that lord St. Vincent, with his fleet and the whole of the British troops were to evacuate Lisbon in the course of a few weeks. The queen of Portugal had forwarded 80 pounds weight of diamonds to Paris in part payment of the sum stipulated for in the treaty made between her and France.

Annapolis, February 15.

Married, on Tuesday last, by the rev. Mr. Higinbotham, John Rouse, Esq. of Caroline county, to Miss Mary Turnbull, of this city.

How fair, how sweet the blushing rose!
How glorious to th' enraptur'd view!
As when adorned it glows
All glittering in the morning dew.

By many a soft descending shower
The luxuriant plant is gently fed;
And many a kind aerial power
Sheds its fragrance o'er its tender head.

So fair, so sweet the youthful maid,
O'er whose warm cheek soft blushes fly,
Her face with beaming smiles array'd,
While love sits trembling in her eye.

That blushing cheek, that melting eye,
That face with beaming smiles array'd,
Ah! happy bridegroom! thine the joy!
For thee are all those charms display'd.

Then, lover, seize the present hour,
That views these charms in all their prime,
E're winter nip the blooming flower,
And youth and beauty yield to time.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the [illegible] of March next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the late dwelling house of Mr. Joseph Meek, sen.

PART of the PERSONAL PROPERTY of Joseph Meek, jun. deceased, consisting of sundry personal property. The sale to commence between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock in the forenoon; the terms for cash. And on the eighth of March, the residue of the personal property of said Joseph Meek will be exposed for sale, at the farm of Mr. William Hammond, generally called Catlings, on the same time as before mentioned, and on like terms, by me,

JOHN MEEK, Executor of Joseph.

P. S. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have claims to exhibit their accounts for payment.

February 8, 1798.

In pursuance of a decree of the High Court of Chancery of the State of Maryland, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on the sixth day of March next, at Leonard town,

THE following tracts or parcels of LAND, late the property of Townsend Eden, deceased, lying in Saint-Mary's county, viz. Cole's Adventure, part of Neale's Lot Resurveyed, and Wolf Holes, containing in the whole about five hundred acres; on this land is a large elegant brick dwelling house, and an abundance of fine oak timber. They will be sold on the following terms; the purchaser to give bond, with security, to pay one half the purchase money, and interest, within one year from the time of sale, and the residue of the principal, and interest thereon, within two years from the time of sale, to be ratified and approved by the chancellor, and conveyances in fee-simple for the said property, for all the estate, right, title and interest, in said lands, which was in Townsend Eden, and now in James Eden, an infant, which hath descended to him from Townsend Eden his father, will be made to the respective purchasers on payment of the purchase money, and not before. A more particular description of the several lands, with their respective advantages and incumbrances, will be detailed at the time and place of sale. The subscriber will shew the said lands at any time to any person disposed to become a purchaser.

RICHARD BOND, Trustee for sale of said lands.

Chaptico, January 29, 1798.

Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at the late dwelling of Thomas Boyd, deceased, in Prince-George's county, on Friday the second of March next,

SUNDRY NEGROES, consisting of women and children, also some stock and household furniture. The terms are, for cash only.

MARGARET BOYD, Administratrix of Thomas Boyd.

February 12, 1798.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been a common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

COMMITTED to me as a runaway yesterday, the 4th of this month, a negro man, who says his name is LEWIS, that he was the property of Mr. Robert Carter, who some years ago resided in Virginia, but is now an inhabitant of Baltimore, that he ran away from Virginia some two years ago, ever since which time he has been in this county; he is a likely fellow, of a yellow colour, appears to be about twenty-five years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high; his cloathing a striped nankeen coat, without jacket, nankeen long breeches, a good ruffled shirt, shoes, stockings, and hat. The owner is desired to take him away within two months from this date, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other charges.

ZACH. FORREST, Sheriff of St. Mary's county.

February 5, 1798.

R[illegible] away [illegible] negro [illegible] REWARD [illegible]

[illegible] SIMMONS, [illegible]

February 1st, 1798.

[illegible] committed [illegible] and [illegible] and thick [illegible] February [illegible] the name of PETER, [illegible] Mr. [illegible]

[illegible] of [illegible] county, [illegible] he is about [illegible] feet [illegible] inches high, [illegible] years of age, and chunky built, [illegible] coat, striped cotton under jacket, [illegible] shirt, [illegible] breeches, a pair of white yarn stockings, a pair of shoes and an old hat. Their masters are desired to come and take them away in two months from their several dates, or they will be sold for their prison fees and other expences according to law. JOHN WELSH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

February 1, 1798.

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, two negro men, one committed on January last, by the name of DAVY, who says that he belongs to [illegible]

A LIST of tracts and lots of Land in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon, respectively due for the year 1797, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same. The taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for or chargeable with the payment of the same.

Names of Land.	Tax.			Names of persons.
1 Lot town of Cumberland	0	1	1½	Hermanus Aldricks.
Good Hope		17	8½	Jonathan Boucher.
The Hotel	1	0	11½	James Brooke.
Elk Lick		4	9½	James Beatty.
Resurvey on Elk Lick		8	5½	James Beatty.
Stoney Ridge		6	8½	James Beatty.
Resurvey on Elk Lick		8	5½	James Beatty.
1 Lot town of Cumberland		1	1½	Thomas J. Beatty.
Henry's Meadow and Mount Parnassus	1	7	5½	John Burgess.
4 Lots town of Cumberland		10	5½	John Beall.
Hilton's Chace		12	7	John Beall.
7 Lots town of Cumberland		8	0½	Blackburn and Brent.
Resurvey on Cresap's Advice		5	1	Charles Beatty.
Resurvey on Cresap's Neglect	0	12	0½	Charles Beatty.
2 Lots town of Cumberland		2	3½	William D. Beall.
1 Lot town of Cumberland		1	1½	William M. Beall.
Fortlip and Resurvey		18	5	Thomas Beatty.
Resurvey on Miller's Delight	1	6	3	Thomas Beatty.
Republican	1	3	8½	Thomas Beatty.
Cramberry Swamp		2	5½	Thomas Beatty.
Joseph's Folly		2	2½	Thomas Beatty.
Mill Seat		2	2	Thomas Beatty.
Lost Glove		1	6½	Thomas Beatty.
Flowery Meads		18	1½	Thomas Beatty.
That's All		12	11½	Jeremiah Berry, 3d.
Milly's Chance		18	2½	Jeremiah Berry, 3d.
Chance		8	6½	Jeremiah Berry, 3d.
Biggerstaff's Beginning			6½	William Biggerstaff.
Discovery			8½	Thomas C. Brent.
Bottom		5	8½	George Cooke.
Shawney War	1	0	9½	John Chisholm.
William and Mary	5	14	7	Davidson and Muir.
Ormes Mistake		8	7	Uriah Forrest.
Ormes Trouble		7	9½	Uriah Forrest.
The General's Wish		12	7½	Uriah Forrest.
The Granary	1	2	9½	George French.
Durham	4	0	0½	George French.
Beaver Dam		14	4	Samuel Greenup.
Mount Hope	0	1	10	Samuel Godman.
Come by Chance	1	14	11½	Samuel Hanson.
Black Oak Ridge			11½	George Hoffman.
Promised Land	3	8	9	Thomas Johnson.
Thomas and Anne	5	14	7	Thomas Johnson.
Peace and Plenty	4	5	11½	Thomas Johnson.
700 State Lots	33	8	5	Thomas Johnson.
Three Springs		6	3½	Baker Johnson.
Covent Garden	6	8	4	Baker Johnson.
Mount Pleasant	2	17	3½	Baker Johnson.
The Grove	2	0	5½	Baker Johnson.
Kindness	5	8	10½	Baker Johnson.
Part of Mount Airy		6	3½	Thomas and Baker Johnson.
Lee's Choice	1	2	11	William Lee.
Savage Ridge	2	10		Randolph B. Latimer.
Small Meadows	14	7	10½	Lloyd and Paca.
Hunting Ground		11	5	Lloyd and Paca.
Buck Bones	2	8	7½	Lloyd and Paca.
Rich Glade	1	8	9	Lloyd and Paca.
Blooming Rose	4	11	7½	James Murray and John Muir.
Partnership		2	2	Ebenezer Macky.
The Resurvey		5	10½	Jacob Miller.
Mill Seat		7	3½	John Orme.
Felicity		7	10½	John Orme.
Prince's Choice		5	4	William Potts.
[illegible]'s Discovery	2	17	5½	William Potts.
Rich Glade		17	6½	Thomas Price.
Good Spring		14	4	Richard Potts.
The Granary		19		Charles P. Polk.
[illegible]		9	1½	Charles P. Polk.
Dunghill	1	12	1½	Walter Roe.
Governor's Neglect		3	7½	Gustavus Scott.
Roxey's Delight		12	0½	Gustavus Scott.
Ormes Attention		19	7½	Gustavus Scott.
Land flowing with Milk and Honey	9	8	8½	Robert Smith.
Clover Bottom		9	1	Robert Smith.
Castle Hill		3	5½	George Scott.
Dumfries		13	9	George Scott.
Walnut Bottom	1	10	11½	George Scott.
Durham		9	[illegible]	George Scott.
Shepherd's Path		4	10½	Daniel [illegible].
Freeman's Fraud Detected		2	10½	Arthur Watson.
[illegible] Neglect		5	5	Arthur Watson.
Davis's Luck			0½	Richard Davis.
Richard's Fortune			5	Richard Davis.
North Pole			8½	Joseph Die.
1 Lot Cresap's town			8	Jacob [illegible].
[illegible]			11	George [illegible].
[illegible]	0	1	8	Thomas [illegible].
Disappointment			[illegible]	John [illegible].
Sugar Land			10	Henry [illegible], and
Partnership		12	7½	Lawrence [illegible].
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stony Land		1	7	David M[illegible].
Bull Pasture		2	10½	Pearsell & Rogers.
[illegible]		8	10½	Jacob Shymer.
William and Joseph's Amendment		6	4	Wm. and Joseph Scott.
1 Lot Cresap's town			8½	James Starr.
Chance		1	6	James Smith.
1 Lot town of Cumberland		1	1½	John Coleman.
Whiteoak Flats		4	10½	Frederick Grammer.
1 Lot town of Cumberland		3	5½	Lawrance Hensel.
Walnut Ridge		2	10½	Frederick Grammer.
Lot No. 188 Cumberland		4	7	Jacob Ilgenfritz.
1 Lot town of Cumberland		1	1½	Henry Kemp.
Name unknown	1	8	7½	John R. Key.
1 Lot town of Cumberland		2	3½	Christopher Kealhover.
Retreat		2		Christopher Kealhover.
1 Lot town of Cumberland		1	1½	James M'Pherson.
Well Thought of		3	2	James M'Calister.
1 Lot town of Cumberland			8½	John Orr.
1 Lot town of Cumberland		2	3½	Francis Thomas.
Lot No. 13 Cumberland			8½	John Watts.
Kill McKee		19	8	Thomas White.
Long Hollow		3	10½	James Kenny.
Name unknown		7	3½	Hugh Riley.
Friendship Resurvey		15	1	Richard Ridgely.
Chance		5	11½	James Smith.
Rocky Hollow		1	1½	Benjamin Putsman.
Cullam's Lot		10	2½	John Spurrier.
Yankee Hall		13	1	Joseph Compton.
Part of Saint George		15	6	Nicholas Gaffaway.
Mill Seat		2	10½	Nicholas Gaffaway.
Loss and Gain		10	3½	Nicholas Gaffaway.
Walnut Ridge		5	5½	Nicholas Gaffaway.
Resurvey on Saint George		7	2	Nicholas Gaffaway.
Sally's Chance		5	4½	Thomas Gaffaway.
First Discovery		2	2	Thomas Gaffaway.
Gaffaway's Pieces		7	10½	Thomas Gaffaway.
Robinett's Victory	1	5	0½	Thomas Gaffaway.
Part of Saint George and Timber plenty	2	10	5	Thomas Gaffaway.
Deer Park		6	1½	Sarah Gaffaway.
Addition to Walnut Ridge		1	7	Sarah Gaffaway.
Walnut Ridge		3	5½	Sarah Gaffaway.
Part of Robinett's Victory		10	3	Sarah Gaffaway.
Addition to Deer Park		2	2½	Sarah Gaffaway.
Moore's Choice	1	9	0½	William Moore.
Moore's Amendment	0	4	8½	William Moore.
Independence			6	Jonathan Swift.
Federal Iron Mine			1½	Jonathan Swift.
Republican Iron Mine			2	Jonathan Swift.
Maryland Iron Mine			3½	Jonathan Swift.
South West Washington		1	3	Jonathan Swift.
Part of Sugar Bottom		5	9	Elisha Claston.
Mount Misery		2	2	William Groves.
Grove's Amendment		1	1½	William Groves.
Barnett's Discovery		6	10½	William Gracy.
Mount Gilboa		2	3½	William Gracy.
Name unknown		2	6½	Barnett Groves.
Part of Beef and Chickens		2	2	Joseph Groves.
Walnut Level		14	4	Thomas Hanson.
Part of Sugar Bottom	2	17	3½	Thomas Hanson.
Dogwood Plains		17	2½	Thomas Hanson.
Horse Lick	1	2	11	Thomas Hanson.
Snick Snack		3	4	Samuel Jacob.
Nonsuch		8	10½	Samuel Jacob.
Name unknown		1	5	John C. Jones.
Horse Pasture		9	5	John I. Jones.
Part of Sugar tree Camp		5	9	John C. Jones.
Green Bank Landing		0	0½	John I. Jacob.
Big Sycamore		0	1	John I. Jacob.
Fat Bacon		2	11½	John I. Jacob.
Jacob's Pieces	0	4	10	John I. Jacob.
Mill Seat		1	11½	John H. Stone, and John Davidson.
Flora's Goodwill		6	7	Henry Warfield.
Ginsang		1	1½	Patrick Doran.
Non Parrell	5	0	1	Daniel Grant.
Sugar tree Bottom		12	10½	John Swann.
Deer Park	1	1	1½	John Swann.
Both ends of the Bush	1	5	6½	John Swann.
Sugar Bottom		13	2½	John Swann.
Addition to Dumfries		11	4½	John Swann.
Robert's Inheritance	2	9	8½	John Swann.
Addition to John's Prospect		17	8½	John Swann.
Swansylvania	2	11	6½	John Swann.
West Point	1	19	7½	John Swann.
Robert's Inheritance and John's Prospect united		8	11½	John Swann.
Addition to Deer Park		16	2	John Swann.
Sportsman's Fields	1	4	0½	John Swann.
Williamson's Discovery	1	14	[illegible]	John Swann.
Part of White walnut Bottom		9	2½	John Swann.
Part of Buck Range	1	2	2½	John Swann.
Parcel of Sandy Spring		[illegible]	6½	John Swann.
The Pieces	13	17	4½	John Swann.
Resurvey on White walnut level	5	11	6	John Swann.
Neglect	0	12	8	John Swann.
Charles's Disappointment	1	3	2½	John Swann.
[illegible] Plains	7	13	4	John Swann.
[illegible]		5	0½	John Swann.
[illegible]		8	0½	John Swann.
Charles's Disappointment		15	5½	John Swann.
Part of White Walnut Level		2	6½	John Swann.
Part of Buck Range		11	1	John Swann.
Part of Sandy Spring		6	9	John Swann.

Number of Lots westward of Fort Cumberland.			
[illegible]	[illegible]	10	Catharine Boyer.
[illegible]		10	Catharine Boyer.
[illegible]		10	Catharine Boyer.
2401		11	Lawrence Brengle.
2402		11	Lawrence Brengle.
2403		11	Lawrence Brengle.
2404		11	Lawrence Brengle.
913		11½	Valentine Brothers.
297	1	8½	Michael Boyer.
436	1	8½	Michael Boyer.
2473	1	1½	Peter Cassanave.
2474	1	1½	Peter Cassanave.
2475	1	1½	Peter Cassanave.
2476	1	1½	Peter Cassanave.
301	2	2	Jacob Cisbaugh.
3163		11½	Samuel Davis.
2180		11½	Adam Fadly.
2182		11½	Adam Fadly.
266		11½	Charles Gliffan.
3194		11½	Levy Hughes.
3195		11½	id.
3196		11½	id.
3197		11½	id.
3896	2	2	Randolph B. Latimer.
3897	2	2	id.
3898	2	2	id.
3899	2	2	id.
3900	2	2	id.
3901	2	2	id.
3902	2	2	id.
2709	1	1½	Peter Muntz.
2710	1	1½	id.
2719	1	1½	id.
2720	1	1½	id.
1142		11½	James R. Morris.
11		11½	id.
1295		11½	William Mclay.
3115		11½	id.
458	1	8½	John Neill.
1621	1	8½	id.
1182	1	8½	id.
1920	1	8½	id.
95	1	8½	id.
131		11½	William H. Parke.
1792		11½	William H. Parke.
334		11½	George Rosoe.
311	1	8½	James Reede.
2700		11½	Samuel Smith.
2703		11½	id.
2704		11½	id.
2698		11½	id.
4131		11½	id.
4133		11½	id.
4135		11½	id.
4137		11½	id.
3214		11½	id.
3215		11½	id.
3216		11½	id.
3217		11½	id.
1578		11½	id.
1579		11½	id.
1580		11½	id.
1632		11½	id.
2760		11½	id.
2761		11½	id.
2762		11½	id.
2763		11½	id.
4113		10	John Suter.
3267		11½	Joseph Swann.
3268		11½	[illegible]
3269		11½	[illegible]
3270		[illegible]	[illegible]
283		[illegible]	Philip L. Vetter.
1435		[illegible]	id.
3808		5	Joseph Die.
3809		5	id.
1339		[illegible]	John Gephart.
3756		11½	Samuel M'Deigle.
3623		[illegible]	Philip B. Key.
[illegible]		8½	Patrick Doran.
[illegible]		[illegible]	John Templeman.
2		[illegible]	id.
313		[illegible]	id.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county charges due on the lands as aforesaid shall be paid to Roger Perry, Esquire, collector of Allegany county, on or before the first day of July next, the lands so charged as aforesaid, or such part thereof as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon, shall be sold to the highest bidder for the payment of the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD, } Commrs Tax,
THOMAS CRESAP, } Allegany cty.
HANSON BRISCOE.

Cumberland, Dec. 9, 1797.

By the SENATE, January 27, 1798.

On motion, ORDERED, That the act, entitled, An act for the direction of sheriffs and coroners in the return of jurors, and for the better regulation of juries, passed at this session, be published as soon as may be for four weeks successively in the Maryland Gazette, Easton, George-town, and the Baltimore papers, for the information of the sheriffs and coroners.

By order, A. VAN-HORN, Clk.

An ACT for the direction of sheriffs and coroners in the return of jurors, and for the better regulation of juries.

WHEREAS the integrity, intelligence and moderation of jurors, is indispensably necessary for the due administration of justice: And whereas the sheriffs frequently summon persons very inadequate to the discharge of the important duties imposed on them,

II. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That all sheriffs and coroners within this state already [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] (as the case may be) [illegible] the court of the county for which they are respectively commissioned, to [illegible] "[illegible] faithfully [illegible] of the office of "[illegible] and that I will, to the best of my know-"ledge, and the intent of [illegible] every warrant "which shall come to my hands for the return of "jurors, I will use my utmost diligence to summon and return, as jurors, sober and judicious "persons, of good reputation, and qualified by the "laws of this state to serve as jurors, and to prevent "any man being summoned or returned by me, or by "any officer under me, who in my judgment will be "influenced in determining any of the matters which "shall come before him as a juror by hatred, malice "or ill-will, fear, favour or affection, or by any partiality whatever; and that I will not summon or re-"turn as a juror any person, who, in my opinion, or "to my knowledge, may be solicitous to be returned "upon the pannel of jurors;" and that they respectively return a certificate of such oath or affirmation to the clerk of the court of the county for which such person is commissioned as sheriff, or coroner, within twenty days thereafter, there to be recorded by said clerk, whose duty it is hereby declared to be to record the same amongst the proceedings of the preceding county court; and that in case any sheriff or coroner shall neglect to take such oath or affirmation, or return a certificate thereof as aforesaid, the person so neglecting shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars, to be recovered by indictment before the district court of the county for which such person is commissioned, and applied to the use of said county.

III. *And be it enacted,* That no person shall be summoned as a juror by any sheriff or coroner of this state to two general or county courts successively.

IV. *And be it enacted,* That every sheriff and coroner hereafter commissioned within this state shall, before he be allowed to proceed on the execution of his office, besides the usual oaths or affirmations as required by the constitution and laws of this state, take the oath, or affirmation, (as the case may be,) above prescribed, before some judge or justice of the court of the county for which such person may be commissioned, and return a certificate of such oath or affirmation to the clerk of the court of the county for which such person may be commissioned, there to be recorded as aforesaid.

V. *And be it enacted,* That the different sheriffs or coroners of this state shall not, after the end of this general assembly, summon as a juror in any case, or return upon a pannel as a juror, any person who may not have arrived to the age of twenty-five years, and who doth not possess the other qualifications required by the constitution and laws of this state.

VI. *And be it enacted,* That after the end of this session of assembly no justice of the peace shall be exempt or privileged from being summoned and returned upon the pannel of jurors to the county court, or general court of this state, any former law to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. *And be it enacted,* That after the passage of this act the sheriffs of the several counties of this state shall not permit their deputies, or any of them, to summon any juror or jurors whom they have not directed them to summon.

VIII. *And be it enacted,* That the sheriffs of the several counties of this state shall return to their respective county courts a pannel of forty-eight jurors, qualified as aforesaid, out of which the said respective courts shall direct the clerk to draw, by ballot, twenty-three persons, who shall be empannelled and sworn to serve as grand jurors during the term to which they shall be summoned; and the persons remaining upon the said original pannel shall attend the court, and serve as petit jurors.

IX. *And be it enacted,* That in all civil cases called for trial in the general and county courts, in which a jury shall be necessary according to the laws and constitution of this state, twenty persons from the pannel of petit jurors shall be drawn, by ballot, by the clerks, under the direction of the said respective courts, and the names of the twenty persons shall be written upon two lists, and one of the said lists shall be forthwith delivered to the respective parties, or their counsel in the cause, and it shall and may be lawful for each of the said parties, or their counsel, to strike out four persons from the said lists, and the remaining twelve persons shall thereupon be immediately empannelled, and sworn as the petit jury in such cause; and if the said parties, or their counsel, or either of them, shall neglect or refuse to strike out from the said lists the number of persons hereby directed, it shall and may be lawful for the respective courts aforesaid to direct their clerks to strike out from the list of the party or parties so neglecting or refusing the number of persons herein before mentioned, and the remaining twelve persons shall be empannelled, and sworn as aforesaid; provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to take away the right of any person or persons to challenge the array or polls of any pannel returned, in the manner always allowed by the laws of this state, or in any manner to affect or change any of the provisions contained in the act, entitled, A supplement to an act concerning petitions for freedom, passed at November session, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three.

THE subscriber has eloped from him many [illegible] GROC MEN, whom he has reason to think are employed by white people to work for them: I do hereby forewarn all persons from dealing with, or employing [illegible] in any manner whatever, [illegible] I shall prosecute every offender to the [illegible] of the law.

BENNETT DARNALL.

January [illegible], 1798.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN [illegible], late of St. Mary's county, [illegible] to make immediate payment; [illegible] said estate [illegible] [illegible], or to [illegible]

JAMES THOMAS, Executor.

April 8, 1797.

LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Port-Tobacco, which, if not taken up before the [illegible], will be returned to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

JOHN [illegible], Charles county, 1,
James Doyle, ditto, 2,
William C. Beran, ditto, 1,
Richard Wheeler, Cedar Point Neck, 1,
[illegible], Port-Tobacco, 1,
Alexander Scott, ditto, 1,
Benjamin Marshall, jun. Newport, 2,
Henry Gardner, near Benedict, 1,
Joseph Wilkison, Calvert county, Maryland, 1,
Heber Chase, M. D. Charles county, ditto, 1,
Martha Dent, Charles county, ditto, 1,
Eleanor Boarman, ditto, ditto, 1,
William Shorton, near Port-Tobacco, ditto, 1,
William B Smoot, ditto, ditto, 1,
Hezekiah Robey, near Piscataway, ditto, 1,
Sarah Pye, Charles county, ditto, 1,
Richd. Mason, jun. ditto, ditto, 1,
Rev. Hatch Dent, near Cool Springs, 1,
Edwd. Edelen, Newport, Charles county, 1,
Thomas Arven, near Piscataway, 1,
Mr. Dejean, Pomonkey creek, near Port-Tobacco, 1,
John Chilton, Maryland, Point ferry, 1,
William M. Wilkinson, Charles county, 1,
William M'Conchie, sen. 1,
Walter Winter, near Allen's Fresh, 1,
Eleanor Hamilton, Nanjemoy, Charles county, 2,
James Garner, Charles county, 1,
Charles Manken, ditto, 1,
Burdet Ashton, Newport, 1,
Sheriff of Charles county, 1,
Jane Lindsay, Port-Tobacco, Maryland, 1,
Jean Winter, near Newport, 1,
Zachariah Moreland, near Piscataway, 1,
William Littimere, Charles county, 1,
Matthew Moore, near Piscataway, 1,
Samuel Amery, Newport, 2,
John Barnes, Esq; clerk Charles county, 1,
Capt. Samuel Mitchell, near Port-Tobacco, 1,
Raphael Boarman, near Newport, 1,
Col. John Addison, Nanjemoy, 1,
John C. Dickson, 1,
Thomas Marshall, 1,
Jeremiah Mud, 1.

Port-Tobacco, January 1, 1798.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the first Monday in March next, on the premises, if fair, if not the first fair day ensuing,

THAT valuable and well known plantation whereon JOSEPH GALLOWAY now dwells, situated on West river, in Anne-Arundel county, containing about 980 acres of very valuable land, the situation high and healthy, commanding an extensive and beautiful view of the Chesapeake Bay, West river and Herring Bay, in a fine sporting country, and convenient to fine oysters, fish, and wild fowl in the proper seasons, great part of the land is of the first quality, and lays level, with abundance of meadow ground, and a sufficiency of wood land with care and attention to supply the uses of a farm. The title secure, and conveyance will be executed to the purchaser on payment of the purchase money, and it will be sold on a credit of one, two, and three years; and at the same time and place will be sold 48 valuable slaves, consisting of men, women, and children, [illegible] head of cattle, and 11 horses and mules. Purchasers to any amount not exceeding £. 20 to pay cash, above that sum to give bond, with approved security, payable in 12 months. All persons having claims against Joseph Galloway are requested to produce them to the subscribers, on or before the day of sale, properly authenticated.

JOHN GALLOWAY, } Trustees for the
DAVID LYNN, } of said estate.

January 10, 1798.

BY virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas,* to me directed by the judges of the general court, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on the fifteenth day of March next, for READY CASH,

THE following lands, to wit: HINSON'S [illegible], Part of CONCLUSION, Part of [illegible], and Part of CUMBERLAND; the whole is supposed to contain five hundred and forty acres, more or less, being the property of WILLIAM RUSSELL, and which were taken to satisfy a judgment obtained by JOHN [illegible] against said Russell. The sale will commence at twelve o'clock.

RICHARD HARWOOD, late Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

February 1, 1798.

SETH SWEETSER,

RETURNS his thanks to his customers, and the public in general for past favours in the line of his business, and informs them that he still carries on the Boot and Shoe-making Business in all its branches, in the best manner. He has just received a large quantity of the best Boston bend soal-leather, which he will sell on reasonable terms, for cash, or green hides; he has also for sale, hide leather and calf skins, and all kinds of Shoe-maker's tools, shoe thread, [illegible], [illegible] and tanners oil, and sundry [illegible] [illegible].

N. B. He has a valuable young Wench for sale [illegible] to Kitchen work.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.